Licence Variation

Licence - 2148



ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
ABN 99 004 117 828
16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD
MATRAVILLE NSW 2036

Attention: Derek Low

Notice Number 1517395

File Number LIC11/304

Date 21-Nov-2013

NOTICE OF VARIATION OF LICENCE NO. 2148

BACKGROUND

- A. ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD ("the licensee") is the holder of Environment Protection Licence No. 2148 ("the licence") issued under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* ("the Act"). The licence authorises the carrying out of activities at 16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD, MATRAVILLE, NSW, 2036 ("the premises").
- B. On 5 July 2013 the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) received an application for the variation of the licence.
- C. Following extensive discussions and correspondence between the EPA and the licensee, variations have been made to the licence that reflect current operations on the site.
- D. The changes have included:
 - · removal of the lots and conditions relating to "Southlands"; and
 - amendments to conditions related to the Groundwater Treatment Plant's associated monitoring and sampling requirements for air, noise and water.

VARIATION OF LICENCE NO. 2148

- 1. By this notice the EPA varies licence No. 2148. The attached licence document contains all variations that are made to the licence by this notice.
- 2. The following variations have been made to the licence:
 - Condition A2.1: Lot 1 DP85542, Lot 11 DP 109505 and Lot 1 DP 1078077 have been removed.
 - Condition P1.1: For Air Monitoring Points 9, 10 and 13, the reference to location descriptions have been updated.

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- Condition P1.3: For Water Monitoring Points 14, 15 and 16, the reference to location descriptions have been updated.
- Condition L5: Noise Limits relating to "Southlands" have been removed from the licence.
- Condition L5.7: Noise Limits relating to the "Groundwater Treatment Plant" have been removed as the condition has been superseded at the premises. Noise monitoring and limits remain in the licence as a holistic approach.
- Conditions M2.2 and M2.5: Point 9, Air Monitoring Requirements relating to the thermal oxidiser. Stack temperature and velocity monitoring frequency have been varied from continuous to quarterly as continuous is not warranted.
- Condition M2.3: Point 14 Water and Land Monitoring Requirements have been updated to reflect the current operations. Monitoring is required monthly during discharge.
- Condition M2.3: Point 15 Water and Land Monitoring Requirements have been updated to reflect current operations, monitoring is required continuously during discharge.
- Condition M2.3: Point 16 Water and Land Monitoring Requirements have been updated to reflect current operations, monitoring is required continuously during discharge.

James Goodwin

Unit Head - High Risk Facilities Unit Metropolitan - Sydney Industry

March march

(by Delegation)

INFORMATION ABOUT THIS NOTICE

- This notice is issued under section 58(5) of the Act.
- Details provided in this notice, along with an updated version of the licence, will be available on the EPA's Public Register (http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/prpoeo/index.htm) in accordance with section 308 of the Act.

Appeals against this decision

 You can appeal to the Land and Environment Court against this decision. The deadline for lodging the appeal is 21 days after you were given notice of this decision.

When this notice begins to operate

- The variations to the licence specified in this notice begin to operate immediately from the date of this notice, unless another date is specified in this notice.
- If an appeal is made against this decision to vary the licence and the Land and Environment Court directs that the decision is stayed the decision does not operate until the stay ceases to have effect or

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the Land and Environment Court confirms the decision or the appeal is withdrawn (whichever occurs first).

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Licence Details	
Number:	2148
Anniversary Date:	21-July

Licensee ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD 16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD MATRAVILLE NSW 2036

Premises
ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD
MATRAVILLE NSW 2036

Scheduled Activity
Chemical Production
Chemical Storage
Contaminated Groundwater Treatment
Waste Processing (non-thermal treatment)
Waste Storage

Fee Based Activity	<u>Scale</u>
Contaminated groundwater treatment	Any handling capacity
Dangerous goods production	> 25000 T produced
General chemicals storage	> 5000-100000 kL stored
Non-thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	> 0 T treated
Waste storage - hazardous, restricted solid, liquid, clinical and related waste and asbestos waste	> 0 T stored

Region			
Metropolitan - Sydney Industry			
Level 13, 10 Valentine Ave			
PARRAMATTA NSW 2150			
Phone: (02) 9995 5000			
Fax: (02) 9995 6900			
PO Box 668 PARRAMATTA			
NSW 2124			





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Information about this licence

Dictionary

A definition of terms used in the licence can be found in the dictionary at the end of this licence.

Responsibilities of licensee

Separate to the requirements of this licence, general obligations of licensees are set out in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 ("the Act") and the Regulations made under the Act. These include obligations to:

- ensure persons associated with you comply with this licence, as set out in section 64 of the Act;
- control the pollution of waters and the pollution of air (see for example sections 120 132 of the Act);
- report incidents causing or threatening material environmental harm to the environment, as set out in Part 5.7 of the Act.

Variation of licence conditions

The licence holder can apply to vary the conditions of this licence. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

The EPA may also vary the conditions of the licence at any time by written notice without an application being made.

Where a licence has been granted in relation to development which was assessed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with the procedures applying to integrated development, the EPA may not impose conditions which are inconsistent with the development consent conditions until the licence is first reviewed under Part 3.6 of the Act.

Duration of licence

This licence will remain in force until the licence is surrendered by the licence holder or until it is suspended or revoked by the EPA or the Minister. A licence may only be surrendered with the written approval of the EPA.

Licence review

The Act requires that the EPA review your licence at least every 5 years after the issue of the licence, as set out in Part 3.6 and Schedule 5 of the Act. You will receive advance notice of the licence review.

Fees and annual return to be sent to the EPA

For each licence fee period you must pay:

- an administrative fee; and
- a load-based fee (if applicable).

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The EPA publication "A Guide to Licensing" contains information about how to calculate your licence fees. The licence requires that an Annual Return, comprising a Statement of Compliance and a summary of any monitoring required by the licence (including the recording of complaints), be submitted to the EPA. The Annual Return must be submitted within 60 days after the end of each reporting period. See condition R1 regarding the Annual Return reporting requirements.

Usually the licence fee period is the same as the reporting period.

Transfer of licence

The licence holder can apply to transfer the licence to another person. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

Public register and access to monitoring data

Part 9.5 of the Act requires the EPA to keep a public register of details and decisions of the EPA in relation to, for example:

- licence applications;
- licence conditions and variations;
- statements of compliance;
- load based licensing information; and
- load reduction agreements.

Under s320 of the Act application can be made to the EPA for access to monitoring data which has been submitted to the EPA by licensees.

This licence is issued to:

ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD

MATRAVILLE NSW 2036

subject to the conditions which follow.

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1 Administrative Conditions

A1 What the licence authorises and regulates

A1.1 This licence authorises the carrying out of the scheduled activities listed below at the premises specified in A2. The activities are listed according to their scheduled activity classification, fee-based activity classification and the scale of the operation.

Unless otherwise further restricted by a condition of this licence, the scale at which the activity is carried out must not exceed the maximum scale specified in this condition.

Scheduled Activity	Fee Based Activity	Scale
Contaminated Groundwater Treatment	Contaminated groundwater treatment	Any handling capacity
Chemical Production	Dangerous goods production	> 25000 T produced
Chemical Storage	General chemicals storage	> 5000 - 100000 kL stored
Waste Processing (non-thermal treatment)	Non-thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	> 0 T treated
Waste Storage	Waste storage - hazardous, restricted solid, liquid, clinical and related waste and asbestos waste	> 0 T stored

A2 Premises or plant to which this licence applies

A2.1 The licence applies to the following premises:

Premises Details
ORICA AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
16-20 BEAUCHAMP ROAD
MATRAVILLE
NSW 2036
LOT 2 DP 206413, LOT 5 DP 206413, LOT 1 DP 740704, LOT 2 DP 1016112, LOT 4 DP 1016112, LOT 11 DP 1039919
AS DEFINED IN DRAWING NO B97290 REVA, TITLED "BOTANY INDUSTRIAL PARK SITE - ORICA LAND AREAS" AND DATED 29/01/07

A3 Information supplied to the EPA

A3.1 Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence.

In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to:

a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998; and

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b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence.

2 Discharges to Air and Water and Applications to Land

P1 Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas

P1.1 The following points referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of monitoring and/or the setting of limits for the emission of pollutants to the air from the point.

EPA identi-	Type of Monitoring	Type of Discharge	Location Description
fication no.	Point	Point	
3	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Vent from the hypochlorite backing tower marked "point 3" on an aerial photograph submitted as an attachment an email from the licensee to the EPA on 8 February 2012.
4	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Vent duct from the absorption tail tower marked "point 4" on an aerial photograph submitted as an attachment an email from the licensee to the EPA on 8 February 2012.
7	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Emergency chlorine vent marked "point 7" on an aerial photograph submitted as an attachment an email from the licensee to the EPA on 8 February 2012.
9	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air Air emissions monitoring	Stack serving GTP labelled "Point 9 - Discharge to air" on drawing number B96283 Rev10 submitted to the EPA on 11 November 2013.
10	Parameter monitoring		Thermal oxidation unit labelled "Point 10 - Parameter monitoring temperature" on drawing number B96283 Rev10 submitted to the EPA on 11 November 2013.
12	Weather monitoring		Weather monitoring station labelled "Point 12 - Weather Monitoring" on drawing No B96283 Rev10 submitted to the EPA on 11 November 2013
13	Parameter monitoring		Pipe serving the GTP thermal oxidiser, labelled "Point 13 - Thermal Oxidiser Flow (Residence Time) Monitoring Point" on drawing number B96283Rev10 submitted to the EPA 11 November 2013.
26	Discharge to air. Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air. Air emissions monitoring	Common stack from building housing HCB repackaging plant and new Store J
29	In-pipe monitoring	In-pipe monitoring	Store J interstage point between the two activated charcoal filters on extraction pipe 1.
30	In-pipe monitoring	In-pipe monitoring	Store J interstage point between the two activated charcoal filters on extraction pipe 2.

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33	In-pipe monitoring		Store J interstage point between the two activated charcoal filters on the extraction pipe. (Note - this is the same as Point 29).
34	In-pipe monitoring		Store J interstage point between the two activated charcoal filters on the extraction pipe. (Note - this is the same as Point 30).
37	Discharge to air.	Discharge to air.	Stack serving ECS 1 on the mercury clean-up project TECE as depicted on drg No 050005-ECS1-PID-002 supplied to the EPA on 16 Feb 2011
38	Discharge to Air	Discharge to Air	Stack serving ECS 2 on the mercury clean-up project TECE as depicted on drg No 050005-ECS2-PID-002 supplied to the EPA on 16 Feb 2011
39	Ambient Air Monitoring Station - Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013.
40	Discharge to air. Air emissions monitoring	Discharge to air. Air emissions monitoring	Stack from temporary enclosure of Store G/H.
41	In-line pipe monitoring	In-line pipe monitoring	Store G/H interstage point between the activated charcoal filters on the extraction pipe (former point 35).
42	In-line pipe monitoring	In-line pipe monitoring	Store G/H interstage point between the activated charcoal filters on the extraction pipe (former point 31).
43	Ambient Air Monitoring Station - Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013
44	Ambient Air Monitoring Station - Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013

- P1.2 The following points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutants to water from the point.
- P1.3 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.

Water and land

EPA Identi- fication no.	Type of Monitoring Point	Type of Discharge Point	Location Description
14	Effluent quality monitoring and discharge to water	Effluent quality monitoring and discharge to water	Drain outlet serving the GTP labelled "Point 14 - Water Discharge Composition" on drawing No B96284 Rev4 submitted to the EPA on 11 November 2013
15	Effluent quality monitoring		Drain outlet serving the GTP labelled "Point 15 - Water Discharge Conductivity" on drawing No B96284 Rev4 submitted to the EPA on 11 November 2013.

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16	Effluent quality and	Drain outlet serving the GTP
	volume monitoring	labelled "Point 16 - Water
		Discharge Temperature & Flow" on
		drawing No B96284 Rev4
		submitted to the EPA on 11
		November 2013.

3 Limit Conditions

L1 Pollution of waters

L1.1 Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

L2 Concentration limits

- L2.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table\s below (by a point number), the concentration of a pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed the concentration limits specified for that pollutant in the table.
- L2.2 Where a pH quality limit is specified in the table, the specified percentage of samples must be within the specified ranges.
- L2.3 Air Concentration Limits

POINT 3

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Chlorine	milligrams per cubic metre	200			

POINT 4

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	30			

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Chlorine	milligrams per cubic metre	30	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	As per test method
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	0.1 Note 2	I-TEQ, Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2	As per test method

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Carbon monoxide	milligrams per cubic metre	100	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2	Rolling one hour average
1,2-Dichloroet hane	milligrams per cubic metre	8 Note 3	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	Rolling one hour average
Sulphur dioxide	milligrams per cubic metre	100	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2	As per test method
Vinyl chloride	parts per million	10	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	Rolling three hour average
Hydrogen Sulfide	milligrams per cubic metre	2	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	As per test method
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	20	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	As per test method
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	30	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2	As per test method
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	400	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2	As per test method
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	10 Note 1	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.	11% O2.	As per test method

POINT 26

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Hexachloroet hane	milligrams per cubic metre	9.7	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	10	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		
Hexachlorobe nzene	milligrams per cubic metre	0.002	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		
Total solids	milligrams per cubic metre	10	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		
Hexachlorobu tadiene	milligrams per cubic metre	0.21	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		

POINT 29

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Tetrachloroet hene (tetrachloroet hylene)	milligrams per cubic metre	340			

	Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
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Tetrachloroet	milligrams per cubic	340
hene	metre	
(tetrachloroet		
las diaman		

POINT 33

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Tetrachloroet hene (tetrachloroet hylene)	milligrams per cubic metre	340			

POINT 34

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Tetrachloroet hene (tetrachloroet hylene)	milligrams per cubic metre	340			

POINT 37,38

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Mercury	milligrams per cubic metre	0.1	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	10	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		

POINT 40

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Hexachlorobe nzene	milligrams per cubic metre	0.002	Dry 273K 101.3kPa		
Hexachlorobu tadiene	milligrams per cubic metre	0.21	Dry 273K 101.3kPa		
Hexachloroet hane	milligrams per cubic metre	9.7	Dry 273K.101.3K pa		
Total solids	milligrams per cubic metre	10	Dry 273K 101.3 kPa		
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	10	Dry 273K.101.3k Pa		

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile	Reference	Oxygen	Averaging
		concentration limit	conditions	correction	period

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1,2-Dichloroet	milligrams per cubic	40	Dry 273K	As per test
hane	metre		101.3kPa	method

POINT 42

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
1,2-Dichloroet hane	milligrams per cubic metre	40	Dry 273K. 101.3kPa.		As per test method

Note: Note 1: For the purpose of the table(s) above, expressed as total organic carbon. This should be determined by summing all individual components.

Note 2: For the purposes of the table(s) above, Polychlorinated-dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDD) and polychlorinated-dibenzofurans (PCDF) as 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) equivalent calculated in accordance with the procedures included in Clause 40 of the POEO (Clean Air) Regulation 2010.

Note 3: For the purposes of the table(s) above, expressed as total organic carbon.

L2.4 Water and/or Land Concentration Limits

Pollutant	Units of Measure	50 percentile concentration limit	90 percentile concentration limit	3DGM concentration limit	100 percentile concentration limit
1,2-Dichloroe thane	milligrams per litre				1.9
Arsenic	milligrams per litre				0.013
Benzene	milligrams per litre				0.95
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre				10
Cadmium	milligrams per litre				0.001
Carbon tetrachloride	milligrams per litre				0.24
Chloroform	milligrams per litre				0.37
Chromium (total)	milligrams per litre				0.01

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Copper	milligrams per litre	0.01
Iron	milligrams per litre	0.3
Lead	milligrams per litre	0.0034
Manganese	milligrams per litre	1.9
Mercury	milligrams per litre	0.0005
NH3-N	milligrams per litre	1.35
Nickel	milligrams per litre	0.011
Nitrate + nitrite (oxidised nitrogen)	milligrams per litre	0.2
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre	5
рН	рН	6.5-8.5
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre	0.1
Reactive Phosphorus	milligrams per litre	0.05
Tetrachloroet hene (tetrachloroet hylene)	milligrams per litre	0.07
Toluene	milligrams per litre	0.18
Total residual chlorine	milligrams per litre	0.1
Trichloroethe ne (Trichloroethy lene)	milligrams per litre	0.33
Turbidity	nephelometric turbidity units	10
Vinyl chloride	milligrams per litre	0.1

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Zinc	milligrams per litre	0.01

POINT 16

Pollutant	Units of Measure	50 percentile concentration limit	90 percentile concentration limit	3DGM concentration limit	100 percentile concentration limit
Temperature	degrees Celsius				10-30

- L2.5 To avoid any doubt, this condition does not authorise the pollution of waters by any pollutant other than those specified in the table\s.
- L2.6 Thermal Oxidiser Lower Limits

For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the tables below (by point number), the parameter must be equal to or greater than the lower limits specified for that parameter in that table.

Point No.	Parameter	Units of measure	Lower Limit	Averaging Period
10	Temperature	Celcius	875	Instantaneous
13	Residence time	S	2	Instantaneous

- L2.7 Whenever a combustion failure occurs in the thermal oxidiser, both the Air Stripping Unit and the Thermal Oxidiser must be shut down and all emissions must cease as soon as safely possible, but in no case later than 10 minutes after the start of the failure.
- L2.8 Exemptions from concentration limits for Point 9 and temperature limit for Point 10

The concentration limits specified for Point 9 (above) and temperature limit for Point 10 (above) do not apply during the following periods:

- a) a start-up period that is, while the thermal oxidiser is being brought up to normal operation following a period of inactivity; or
- b) a shutdown period that is, while the thermal oxidiser is being taken out of service from normal operation to inactivity.
- Note: While the concentration limits specified for Point 9 (above) do not apply, the licensee is subject to the requirements of section 128 (2) of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act in relation to the prevention and minimisation of air pollution.
- Note: That only uncontaminated off-gas feed is processed by the thermal oxidiser when the temperature at the thermal oxidiser unit (Point 10) is below 875°C.

L3 Volume and mass limits

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- L3.1 For each discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the volume/mass of:
 - a) liquids discharged to water; or;
 - b) solids or liquids applied to the area;

must not exceed the volume/mass limit specified for that discharge point or area.

Point	Unit of Measure	Volume/Mass Limit
15	kilolitres per day	13500

L4 Waste

L4.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste to be received at the premises, except the wastes expressly referred to in the column titled "Waste" and meeting the definition, if any, in the column titled "Description" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises must only be used for the activities referred to in relation to that waste in the column titled "Activity" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises is subject to those limits or conditions, if any, referred to in relation to that waste contained in the column titled "Other Limits" in the table below.

This condition does not limit any other conditions in this licence.

Code	Waste	Description	Activity	Other Limits
B100	Acidic solutions or acids in solid form		Waste storage Waste processing (non-thermal treatment)	B100 waste is limited to ferrous chloride (pickle liquor)
D120	Mercury; mercury compounds		Waste storage	
NA	General or Specific exempted waste	Waste that meets all the conditions of a resource recovery exemption under Clause 51A of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005	As specified in each particular resource recovery exemption	NA
NA	Waste	Any waste received on site that is below licensing thresholds in Schedule 1 of the POEO Act, as in force from time to time	-	NA

- L4.2 The licensee is permitted to receive and treat extracted groundwater, the substances therein, and associated free phase contaminants originating from Orica's (formerly ICI Australia) activities at the Botany Industrial Park (BIP). This includes but is not limited to groundwater from:
 - 1. The BIP, primary and secondary hydraulic containment lines;

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- 2. Environmental investigation, monitoring and remediation activities conducted by, or on behalf of, Orica within areas impacted by Orica / ICI Australia's historic activities within the Groundwater Extraction Exclusion Area (GEEA); and
- 3. Short-term third party dewatering activities (for construction, pipe repairs, etc.) within the GEEA, in instances in which those waters have been affected by contaminants associated with Orica/ICI Australia's historic BIP operations.

For the purposes of licensing and the liquid waste levy, this material is deemed to have been generated onsite.

L5 Noise limits

- L5.1 For the operation of plant and equipment located at Botany Industrial Park (BIP) premises the following conditions L5.2 to L5.11 inclusively apply:
- L5.2 Noise emissions emanating from all active Plants in the BIP premises, including loading and unloading of material in or above the premises and when determined as a sound level contribution, shall not exceed the following amenity LAeq criteria when measured or computed at any point within one metre of the nearest boundary of any residence in the vicinity of the premises, using the "FAST" response on the sound level meter.

Time of Day	LAeq
Day	65
Evening	55
Night	50

- L5.3 The intrusive noise criterion for all active plants in the BIP shall be that the LAeq15 minute noise levels shall not exceed the amenity LAeq noise levels by more than 5 dB(A) when measured or computed at any point within one metre of the nearest boundary of any residence in the vicinity of the premises, using the "FAST" response on the sound level meter.
- L5.4 Each existing BIP Plant shall ensure that new or replacement equipment is selected and/or installed so that no increase in noise emissions is thereby created when measured or computed at any point within one metre of the nearest boundary of any residence in the vicinity of the premises, using the "FAST" response on the sound level meter.
- L5.5 A report for all BIP Licences (L7494 Huntsman Corporation Australia Pty Ltd; L 2148 Orica Australia Pty Ltd and L10000 Qenos Pty Ltd) demonstrating compliance with the noise conditions listed at Condition L5.1 to L5.3 must be appended to the Annual Return for Qenos L10000.
- L5.6 For the purpose of Condition L5.1, L5.2 and L5.3:
 - a) Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays,
 - b) Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm, and

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- c) Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays.
- L5.7 Noise from the premises is to be measured at the most affected point on or within the residential boundary to determine compliance with the LAeq(15 minute) noise limits in condition L5.2.

Where it can be demonstrated that direct measurement of noise from the premises is impractical, the EPA may accept alternative means of determining compliance. See Chapter 11 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.

The modification factors presented in Section 4 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy shall also be applied to the measured noise level where applicable.

- L5.8 The noise emission limits identified in condition L5.2 apply under meteorological conditions of:
 - a) wind speeds up to 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level; or
 - b) temperature inversion conditions of up to 3 degrees C /100m and wind speeds up to 2m/s at 10 metres above ground level.
- L5.9 Activities at the premises, other than construction work, that meet the noise goal provided in L5.2 may be conducted on a continuous basis.
- L5.10 The following activities may be carried out at the premises outside the hours specified in conditions L5.6:
 - a) the delivery of materials as requested by Police or other authorities for safety reasons; and
 - b) emergency work to avoid the loss of lives, property and/or to prevent environmental harm.

L6 Hours of operation

L6.1 All construction work at the premises must only be conducted between 7:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Friday, 8:00am to 1:00pm Saturdays, with no construction activities on Sundays or Public Holidays. Construction is permitted any time if it is not audible at the nearest affected receivers. Audible means that it can be heard by a person at the nearest affected receivers.

L7 Other limit conditions

Note: The licensee must comply with the conditions as specified in this licence or where no specific conditions are outlined in this licence, the licensee must comply with the "Chemical Control Order in Relation to Materials and Wastes Containing Polychlorinated Biphenyl, 1997".

4 Operating Conditions

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O1 Activities must be carried out in a competent manner

- O1.1 Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner.
 - This includes:
 - a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and
 - b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.

O2 Maintenance of plant and equipment

- O2.1 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity:
 - a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.

O3 Dust

- O3.1 Activities occurring at the premises must be carried out in a manner that will minimise emissions of dust from the premises.
- O3.2 Loaded trucks must be covered at all times, except during loading and unloading of material.

O4 Emergency response

O4.1 The licensee must maintain emergency response plans which document the procedures to deal with all types of incidents (eg spill, explosions or fire) that may occur at the premises or outside of the premises (eg during transfer) which are likely to cause harm to the environment.

O5 Waste management

- O5.1 The licensee must ensure that waste identified for recycling is stored separately from other waste.
- O5.2 The licensee must manage any asbestos or asbestos-contaminated materials that may be uncovered during the construction, commissioning and operation of all activities undertaken at the premises strictly in accordance with the requirements under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005 and any guidelines or requirements issued by the EPA in relation to those materials.
- O5.3 The licensee must ensure that any waste received and/or generated at the premises is assessed and classified in accordance with the EPA Waste Classification Guidelines as in force from time to time.

O6 Other operating conditions

O6.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow the emission of offensive odour beyond the boundary of the

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premises.

- O6.2 No condition of this licence identifies a potentially offensive odour for the purposes of Section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- O6.3 The licensee must ensure that only uncontaminated off-gas feed is sent to the thermal oxidiser when the temperature at the thermal oxidiser unit (Point 10) is below 875°C, subject to L2.8.
- O6.4 The licensee must ensure that suitable measures (e.g. high/low alarms, control valves with interlock control, one way valves) are installed on all tanks, ponds or clarifiers and associated pipes and hoses to prevent the spillage of waste.
- O6.5 All above ground tanks containing material that is likely to cause environmental harm must be bunded or have an alternative spill containment system in place.
- O6.6 The licensee must seek and receive written approval from the EPA prior to re-commencing or conducting the repackaging or processing of any HCB and related wastes in the HCB waste repackaging plant (Stores G, H & J).

Note: On recieving any request from the licensee to re-commence or conduct repackaging or processing of any HCB and related wastes, the EPA will assess the need for additional air monitoring. This may include additional monitoring during recommissioning emissions control systems and ambient air quality monitoring.

5 Monitoring and Recording Conditions

M1 Monitoring records

- M1.1 The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.
- M1.2 All records required to be kept by this licence must be:
 - a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form;
 - b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and
 - c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.
- M1.3 The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence:
 - a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken;
 - b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected;
 - c) the point at which the sample was taken; and
 - d) the name of the person who collected the sample.

M2 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

M2.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the

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frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:

M2.2 Air Monitoring Requirements

POINT 3

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Chlorine	milligrams per cubic metre	Continuous	In line instrumentation

POINT 4

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	Quarterly	Method approved in writing by the Authority

POINT 7

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Chlorine	milligrams per cubic metre	Continuous	In line instrumentation

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
1,2-Dichloroethane	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 13	CEM-10
Carbon monoxide	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 13	CEM-4
Chlorine	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly	TM-7 & TM-8
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	Yearly	TM-18
Dry gas density	kilograms per cubic metre	Quarterly	TM-23
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly	TM-8
Hydrogen Sulfide	milligrams per normalised cubic metre	Yearly	TM-5
Moisture content	percent	Quarterly	TM-22
Molecular weight of stack gases	grams per gram mole	Quarterly	TM-23
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	Quarterly	TM-11
Oxygen (O2)	percent	Continuous	CEM-3
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly	TM-15
Sulphur dioxide	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly	TM-4
Temperature	degrees Celsius	Quarterly	TM-2
Velocity	metres per second	Quarterly	TM-2
Vinyl chloride	parts per million	Special Frequency 13	CEM-10

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Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	Quarterly	TM-34
Volumetric flowrate	cubic metres per second	Continuous	CEM-6

POINT 10

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Temperature	degrees Celsius	Continuous	TM-2

POINT 13

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Volumetric flowrate	cubic metres per second	Continuous	CEM-6

POINT 26

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Hexachlorobenzene	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Hexachlorobutadien e	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Hexachloroethane	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Total solids	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-15
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34

POINT 29,30

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	Special Method 6

POINT 33,34

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34

POINT 37,38

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Mercury	milligrams per cubic metre	Monthly	TM-12, TM-13 & TM-14
Moisture	percent	Monthly	TM-22

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Pressure of stack gases	kilopascals	Monthly	TM-2
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	Monthly	TM-15
Temperature	degrees Celsius	Monthly	TM-2
Velocity	metres per second	Continuous during discharge	Method approved in writing by the Authority

POINT 39

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Mercury	micrograms per cubic metre	Special Frequency 18	Method approved in writing by the Authority

POINT 40

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Hexachlorobenzene	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Hexachlorobutadien e	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Hexachloroethane	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34
Total solids	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-15
Volatile organic compounds	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34

POINT 41

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
1,2-Dichloroethane	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	Special Method 6

POINT 42

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
1,2-Dichloroethane	milligrams per cubic metre	Special Frequency 14	TM-34

POINT 43

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Mercury	micrograms per cubic metre	Special Frequency 18	Method approved in writing by the Authority

Pollutant Units of measure Frequency Sampling Method
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Mercury	micrograms per cubic metre	Special Frequency 18	Method approved in writing
			by the Authority

M2.3 Water and/ or Land Monitoring Requirements

14			
Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
1,2-Dichloroethane	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Arsenic	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Benzene	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Biochemical oxygen demand	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Cadmium	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Carbon tetrachloride	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Chloroform	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Chromium (total)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Copper	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Iron	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Lead	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Manganese	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Mercury	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
NH3-N	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Nickel	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Nitrate + nitrite (oxidised nitrogen)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Nitrogen (ammonia)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Nitrogen (total)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
pΗ	рН	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample

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Reactive Phosphorus	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Tetrachloroethene (tetrachloroethylene)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Toluene	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Total residual chlorine	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Trichloroethene (Trichloroethylene)	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Turbidity	nephelometric turbidity units	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Vinyl chloride	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample
Zinc	milligrams per litre	Monthly during discharge	Grab sample

POINT 15

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Conductivity	microsiemens per centimetre	Continuous during discharge	In line instrumentation

POINT 16

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Temperature	degrees Celsius	Continuous during discharge	In line instrumentation

M2.4 For the purposes of monitoring at Points 37 and 38:

For the purposes of measurement of velocity of stack gases (ECS - point 37 and 38) in the table above, the sampling method may be either CEM 6 or a predictive surrogate approved in writing by EPA.

M2.5 For the purpose of the table(s) above:

- Emission monitoring for hydrogen chloride in point 4 must be undertaken when the burner is on line at such a steady rate as will facilitate sampling in accordance with the EPA's letter dated 20 August 2002.
- Emission monitoring for hydrogen chloride is TM 7 & TM 8 using site specific variations as outlined in the EPA's letter dated 20 August 2002 or any other methods approved in writing by the EPA.
- · Minor variations to those sampling methods as specified in the DECC's 'Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW' and 'Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Water Pollutants in NSW', as approved by the National Association of Testing Authorities' (NATA) endorsement of Laboratories, are deemed to be appropriate.

Special Frequency 13 is defined as monitoring continuously at all times except when the Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer (FTIR) is taken off-line for service, repair, maintenance and/or calibration purposes only. During this off-line period, monitoring must be carried out on a daily basis for

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1-hour composite samples in accordance with the EPA's Approved Methods. In these exceptional circumstances, the licensee may use the in-house laboratory for analysis of these samples.

Special Frequency 14 requires monitoring to be undertaken at the frequencies specified below, but only when repackaging is being undertaken in the HCB repackaging store to which the monitoring requirement applies. The monitoring frequencies for Points 26, 29, 30, 33, 34, 40, 41 and 42 are defined as follows:

- a) Points 26, 33 and 34 (Store J) is defined as monitoring every quarter;
- b) Points 29 and 30 (Store J) is defined as monitoring two times daily;
- c) Points 40 and 41 (Store G & H) is defined as monitoring every quarter; and
- d) Point 42 (Store G & H) is defined as monitoring two times daily.

Special Frequency 18: The mercury monitors at EPA Points 39, 43 and 44 must operate continuously, except for periods when the monitors must be taken offline for calibration, downloading or maintenance.

Special Method 6 means: CEM-8, CEM-9 or CEM-10 (as defined in *Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW. EPA 2005*), or a continuous monitoring method otherwise approved by the EPA.

M2.6 At Point 4, the licensee is required to take a grab sample during 4 startups and shutdowns to determine the concentration of HCl emissions during startup or shutdown conditions. In these circumstances, the licensee may use the in-house HCl sampling method.

M3 Testing methods - concentration limits

- M3.1 Monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant emitted to the air required to be conducted by this licence must be done in accordance with:
 - a) any methodology which is required by or under the Act to be used for the testing of the concentration of the pollutant; or
 - b) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act, any methodology which a condition of this licence requires to be used for that testing; or
 - c) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act or by a condition of this licence, any methodology approved in writing by the EPA for the purposes of that testing prior to the testing taking place.
- Note: The *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2010* requires testing for certain purposes to be conducted in accordance with test methods contained in the publication "Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW".
- M3.2 Subject to any express provision to the contrary in this licence, monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant discharged to waters or applied to a utilisation area must be done in accordance with the Approved Methods Publication unless another method has been approved by the EPA in writing before any tests are conducted.

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M4 Weather monitoring

M4.1 For each monitoring point specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the parameter specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, averaging period and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:

POINT 12

Parameter	Units of measure	Averaging period	Frequency	Sampling Method
Wind speed @ 10 m	m/s	1 hour	Continuously	AM-2 & AM-4
Wind direction @ 10 m	degrees	1 hour	Continuously	AM-2 & AM-4
Sigma Theta @ 10 m	degrees	1 hour	Continuously	AM-2 & AM-4
Additional Requirements				
Siting				AM-1 & AM-4
Measurement				AM-1 & AM-4

Note: Due to technical and topographical difficulties associated with the installation of the weather monitoring station, the licensee is required to align as close as possible to the sampling methods included in this condition for point 12.

M5 Recording of pollution complaints

- M5.1 The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.
- M5.2 The record must include details of the following:
 - a) the date and time of the complaint;
 - b) the method by which the complaint was made;
 - c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect;
 - d) the nature of the complaint;
 - e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken.
- M5.3 The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.
- M5.4 The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.

M6 Telephone complaints line

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- M6.1 The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.
- M6.2 The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.
- M6.3 The preceding two conditions do not apply until 3 months after:
 - a) the date of the issue of this licence or
 - b) if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date on which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of that regulation.

M7 Requirement to monitor volume or mass

- M7.1 For each discharge point or utilisation area specified below, the licensee must monitor:
 - a) the volume of liquids discharged to water or applied to the area;
 - b) the mass of solids applied to the area;
 - c) the mass of pollutants emitted to the air;
 - at the frequency and using the method and units of measure, specified below.

POINT 16

Frequency	Unit of Measure	Sampling Method
Continuous during discharge	kilolitres per day	Wedge Flow Meter

6 Reporting Conditions

R1 Annual return documents

- R1.1 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising:
 - a) a Statement of Compliance; and
 - b) a Monitoring and Complaints Summary.

At the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.

- R1.2 An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below.
- Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.
- R1.3 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee:
 - a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted; and
 - b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period.

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Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.

- R1.4 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on:
 - a) in relation to the surrender of a licence the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or
 - b) in relation to the revocation of the licence the date from which notice revoking the licence operates.
- R1.5 The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').
- R1.6 The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.
- R1.7 Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by:
 - a) the licence holder; or
 - b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.
- R1.8 A person who has been given written approval to certify a certificate of compliance under a licence issued under the Pollution Control Act 1970 is taken to be approved for the purpose of this condition until the date of first review of this licence

R2 Notification of environmental harm

- Note: The licensee or its employees must notify all relevant authorities of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment immediately after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.
- R2.1 Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.
- R2.2 The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.

R3 Written report

- R3.1 Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that:
 - a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or
 - b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence,
 - and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.
- R3.2 The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA

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within such time as may be specified in the request.

- R3.3 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:
 - a) the cause, time and duration of the event;
 - b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
 - c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;
 - d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
 - e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
 - f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
 - g) any other relevant matters.
- R3.4 The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.

7 General Conditions

G1 Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant

- G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.
- G1.2 The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.
- G1.3 The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.

G2 Signage

G2.1 Each monitoring and discharge point, located within the premises as defined in this licence, must be clearly marked by a sign that indicates the EPA point identification number used in this licence and be located as close as practical to the point.

G3 Other general conditions

G3.1 Completed Pollution Studies and Reduction Programs (PRPs)

PRP	Description	Completed Date
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PRP 1 - HCBD delineation	HCBD delineation. ground water protection, control of off site contamination	23-April-2004
PRP 2 - Weekly Remediation Progress Reporting	Weekly progress reporting on remediaiton of HCBD, ground water protection and control of off-site contamination.	01-December-2004
PRP 3 - Submission of Progress Report at 6-Monthly	submission of progress report at 6-monthly interval or until completion of car park remediation describing ongoing monitoring to confirm cell integrity for HCB at car park. ground water protection, control of off-site contamination	30-March-2011
PRP 4 - Proposals for future works	Proposals for future works, ground water protection and control of off-site contamination	01-December-2004
PRP 5 - Ammonia Concentration Reduction Strategy	Preparation and submission of an ammonia concentration reduction strategy - to reduce ammonia concentrations in treated discharge from the Groundwater Treatment Plant (Point 11) into the Perry St Canal system.	30-August-2007
PRP 6 - Dilutions Determination	Determination of the range of dilutions likely at Point 11, Groundwater Treatment Plant discharge point into Perry Street Canal.	06-May-2008
PRP 7 - Ammonia Reduction Progress Report	Submission of a progress report to detail the progress of works to achieve longer term reduction in ammonia discharge concentration at Point 11, so as to achieve protection of aquatic ecosystems in Perry St Canal (95% spp protection).	29-February-2008
PRP 8 - Ammonia Reduction PRP Progress Report	Submission of a report to confirm progress of works proposed in report titled 'ammonia concentration reduction pollution reduction program. 30 august 2007'.	03-July-2008
PRP 9 - Ammonia Concentration Reduction Strategy	Submission of a report to confirm progress of works proposed in report titled 'Ammonia Concentration Reduction PRP. 30 Aug 07' submitted to DECC on 30 Aug 07.	01-July-2009
PRP 10 - Treated Water Temperature Reduction	Reduce the temperarture of treated effluent from the GTP prior to discharge to waters to achieve better protection of aquatic ecosystems in Perry Street Canal.	31-December-2009
PRP 11 - Stormwater Pollution Reduction	Continuous improvement of BIP stormwater systems. Consistent with Qenos and Huntsman	31-March-2011
Program	licence requirement.	

8 Special Conditions

E1 Financial assurance

E1.1 The objective of this condition is to secure or guarantee funding for or towards the ongoing operating costs of the Groundwater Treatment Plant and associated groundwater collection infrastructure.

E1.2 Unconditional and irrevocable bank guarantee

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A financial assurance, in favour of the EPA, in the form of an unconditional and irrevocable bank guarantee dated 7 February 2007 for the amount of fourteen million four hundred thousand dollars (\$14,400,000) must be maintained for or towards the ongoing operating costs of the Groundwater Treatment Plant (GTP) and associated groundwater collection infrastructure and thereafter until such time as the EPA is satisfied the premises are environmentally secure.

Note: \$14.4 million is 20% of the net present value of the outstanding provision (\$72 million) of the long term operating costs identified in the licensee's submission on the appropriate form or amount of the financial assurance, dated 30 September 2006.

E1.3 Requirement to increase the amount of the financial assurance

The licensee must increase the amount of financial assurance in accordance with the following schedule based on the financial position of Orica Limited as determined by its Standard & Poors credit rating:

- i) While a Standard & Poors credit rating remains at BBB+ or above, the bank guarantee required will be \$14.4 million; and
- ii) If the Standard & Poors credit rating falls to BBB the bank guarantee required will be \$35 million; and
- iii) If the Standard & Poors credit rating below BBB the bank guarantee required will be \$72 million.

E1.4 Requirement to report credit rating in each annual return

The licensee must include in each licence annual return evidence of Orica Limited's credit rating for the whole period of the licence year.

E1.5 Requirement to report any changes in credit rating

The licensee must advise the EPA as soon as practical and in any event within five days of receiving advice from Standard & Poors of any change to the credit rating of Orica Limited.

Note: Orica Australia Pty Ltd is the licensee and Orica Limited is the parent company. The credit rating relates to Orica Limited.

E1.6 Varying the magnitude of the financial assurance

a) The EPA reserves the right to vary the magnitude of the financial assurance at any time depending upon any reassessment of possible cost(s) of rehabilitation of the premises or any other reason which the EPA deems to be appropriate and reasonable to ensure environmental security.

Note: The EPA will review the above arrangement every three years including consideration of Consumer Price Index (CPI) adjustments, or more frequently if considered necessary by the EPA or if requested by the licensee, in light of the remaining works required to complete the remediation.

b) The EPA will only draw on the Financial Assurance to fund or recover the reasonable costs in carrying out, or directing or supervising the carrying out by another person, of any work or program, including the likely costs and expenses in directing and supervising the carrying out of the work or program, to meet the requirements of the licence relating to the Groundwater Treatment Plant and associated infrastructure where in the opinion of the EPA the licensee has failed to meet these requirements.

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E1.7 Requirement to submit a review every three years

The licensee must provide the EPA with a review of the outstanding capital and operating costs for the Groundwater Treatment Plant and associated groundwater collection infrastructure **every three years commencing 5 February 2010.**

E1.8 Requirement to advise of changes to deed of cross guarantee

The Licensee must advise the EPA in advance if it proposes to change and as soon as possible if it does change its deed of cross guarantee lodged with the Australian Securities and Investment Commission, whereby financial liabilities are shared across the Orica group of companies.

E1.9 Requirement to advise of any changes which may affect ability to fund

The licensee must notify the EPA of any proposed corporate restructure, scheme of arrangement or appointment of an external administrator that will or may directly or indirectly affect the licensee's short or long term ability to fund the operation of the Groundwater Treatment Plant and associated groundwater collection infrastructure.

E2 Former Chlor-Alkali Plant

E2.1 The conditions hereunder relate to the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project ("the FCAP Project").

The conditions below only apply to Stage 1 and part of Stage 2 of the project (Block G targeted excavation, soil stabilisation and reinstatement). Further conditions will be added or removed as the project progresses.

Note: The FCAP Project is divided into four distinct stages.

Environment Protection Licence condition E2 is only valid for the stages stated in this condition.

The four distinct stages that will span for the entirety of Condition E2 are:

Stage	Description
Stage 1 Blocks A and M works	Blocks A and M excavation and reinstatement
Stage 2 Block G works	Targeted excavation, soil stabilisation and reinstatement, relocation or isolation of services.
Stage 3	Levelling and installation of construction vapour barrier, decontamination of the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure (TECE), decommissioning and removal of the TECE and associated Emission Control Systems (ECS) and pilot trench construction.

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Stage 4	Construction of cut off wall, surface profiling of Block G,
	installation of groundwater monitoring wells and
	installation of capping system including surface slab for
	salt storage.

E2.2 DISCHARGES TO AIR AND WATER AND APPLICATIONS TO LAND

Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas

The following points referred to in the table below are identified for the purposes of monitoring and/or the setting of limits for the emission of pollutants to the air from the point.

AIR

EPA Identification No.	Type of Monitoring Point	Type of Discharge Point	Description of Location
37	Air Emission Monitoring	Discharge to air	Emission control system stack 1 as depicted on drawing No 050005-ECS1-PID-002 supplied to the EPA on 15 Feb 2011
38	Air Emission Monitoring	Discharge to air	Emission control system stack 2 as depicted on drawing No 050005-ECS2-PID-002 supplied to the EPA on 15 Feb 2011
39	Ambient Air Monitoring Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013.
43	Ambient Air Monitoring Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013.
44	Ambient Air Monitoring Mercury		As described in the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project Air Quality Management Plan Revision 3 submitted 24 July 2013.

E2.3 LIMIT CONDITIONS

Concentration limits

For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table\s below (by a point number), the concentration of a pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed the concentration limits specified for that pollutant in the table.

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Points 37 and 38

Pollutant	Units of Measurement	100 percentile limit	Reference conditions
Mercury	mg/m³	0.1	dry, 273 K, 101.3 kPa
Solid particles	mg/m³	10	dry, 273 K, 101.3 kPa

E2.4 OPERATING CONDITIONS - GENERAL

Loading of trucks with materials for off-site disposal

The licensee must ensure that all loading of trucks with materials for off-site disposal, including stabilised soil, takes place within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.

E2.5 OPERATING CONDITIONS - Air Quality Management Plan

- 1. The licensee must develop an Air Quality Management Plan for the FCAP Project prior to its commencement.
- 2. The licensee must regularly review the Air Quality Management Plan during the FCAP Project and update the Plan as required.
- 3. The licensee must implement all requirements specified in the Air Quality Management Plan as they apply to the FCAP Project at any point in time.
- 4. The conditions of this licence and the Act may include requirements that differ from or are additional to the requirements of the Air Quality Management Plan.
- 5. Where any inconsistency arises between the requirements of this licence and the Act and the requirements of the Air Quality Management Plan, the licensee must meet the more stringent of the applicable requirements.
- 6. The licensee must meet all requirements in this licence and the Act that are additional to the requirements of the Air Quality Management Plan.

E2.6 Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure Fugitive Emissions Monitoring Program

- 1. The licensee must conduct monitoring for potential fugitive mercury emissions from the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.
- 2. The monitoring must be conducted as a survey of mercury concentrations around the TECE.
- 3. At least one monitoring survey must be completed daily on all weekdays that are not public holidays.
- 4. The monitoring survey must include measurements to be taken at all accessible louvers and doors of the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.
- 5. Additional monitoring more than once a day must be conducted:
- (i) when work is taking place within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure; and
- (ii) when the monitoring within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure required by Condition E2.7 determines an arithmetic average of measured mercury levels equal to or greater than 1.5 milligrams per cubic metre.
- 6. Where the monitoring required by this condition determines that fugitive emissions are occurring at levels above the threshold specified in the Air Quality Management Plan, the licensee must implement

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investigation and response actions as detailed in the Air Quality Management Plan. The licensee must provide written advice to the EPA within 24 hours.

E2.7 Air Quality Monitoring within the Temporary Emission Control Enclosure

- 1. The licensee must conduct monitoring of the mercury levels in air within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.
- 2. The monitoring must be conducted as a survey of mercury concentrations in air within the TECE.
- 3. At least one monitoring survey must be completed daily on all weekdays that are not public holidays.
- 4. The monitoring survey must include measurements to be taken at all pedestrian doorways in the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.
- 5. Additional monitoring surveys to the minimum requirement specified in Condition E2.7(3) must be completed when work is taking place within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure.
- 6. The licensee must calculate the arithmetic average of measured mercury levels for each survey.
- 7. If the arithmetic average of measured mercury levels determined in accordance with condition E2.7(6) is greater than or equal to 1.5 milligrams per cubic metre but less than 2.5 milligrams per cubic metre for any survey as required by E2.7(2) then the licensee must:
- (i) Review activities within the Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure;
- (ii) Review operation of the Emission Control Systems;
- (iii) Review recent Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure fugitive emissions monitoring results;
- (iv) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (v) Provide written advice to the EPA within 24 hours to the address listed in condition E2.14.
- 8. If the arithmetic average of measured mercury levels determined in accordance with condition E2.7(6) is greater than or equal to 2.5 milligrams per cubic metre for any survey as required by E2.7(2) then the licensee must:
- (i) Complete all actions required by condition E2.7(7); and
- (ii) Commence operation of the standby emission control system within 24 hours.

E2.8 Management Requirements for Measured Mercury Levels at Points 37 and 38

- 1. If the measured mercury level at either Point 37 or Point 38, or the respective in-line monitoring locations as agreed in writing by EPA, is greater than or equal to 0.075 milligrams per cubic metre but less than 0.090 milligrams per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Undertake hourly inspections of mercury level readings for the relevant Emission Control System;
- (ii) Commence an investigation into operation of the Emission Control System;
- (iii) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iv) Shut down the Emission Control System if necessary.
- 2. If the measured mercury level at either Point 37 or Point 38, or the respective in-line monitoring locations as agreed in writing by EPA, is greater than or equal to 0.090 milligrams per cubic metre but less than 0.100 milligrams per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Shut down the relevant Emission Control System;
- (ii) Close all relevant Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure louvers and air inlets;

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- (iii) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iv) Provide written advice to the EPA within 24 hours to the address listed in condition E2.14.
- 3. If the measured mercury level at either Point 37 or Point 38, or the respective in-line monitoring locations as agreed in writing by EPA, is greater than or equal to 0.100 milligrams per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Shut down the relevant Emission Control System;
- (ii) Close all relevant Temporary Emissions Control Enclosure louvers and air inlets;
- (iii) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iv) Report the event to the EPA immediately by telephoning 131 555.

E2.9 Requirement to operate Emission Control Systems (ECS)

At least one ECS must be operating at all times. The minimum stack exit velocity must be 15 m/s unless otherwise agreed in writing by the EPA.

E2.10 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

Pollutant at points 37 and 38	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling method
Mercury	Milligrams per cubic metre	Monthly	TM12, TM13 and TM 14
Moisture content	Percent	Monthly	TM-22
Pressure of stack gases	Kilopascals	Monthly	TM-2
Solid particles	Milligrams per cubic metre	Monthly	TM-15
Temperature	Degrees Celsius	Monthly	TM-2
Velocity of stack gases	Metres per second	Continuous	CEM 6 - see note 1 below
-	-	-	-

Note: For the purposes of measurement of velocity of stack gases in the table above, the sampling method may be either CEM 6 or a predictive surrogate approved in writing by EPA.

E2.11 Operational Management and Monitoring for the Excavation of Blocks A and M

- 1. The licensee must implement an appropriate program of operational monitoring during any excavation activities at either Blocks A or Block M.
- 2. Where the operational monitoring required by this condition determines that mercury levels in close proximity to any excavation activities are above the threshold specified in the Air Quality Management Plan, the licensee must implement appropriate investigation and response actions. The licensee must provide written advice to the EPA within 24 hours.

E2.12 Ambient Mercury Monitoring Program

- 1. The licensee must conduct an ambient mercury monitoring program.
- 2. The ambient mercury monitoring program must be conducted at EPA Points 39, 43 and 44.

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- 3. The ambient mercury monitors used for the Ambient Mercury Monitoring Program must sample, collect and record sufficient data to provide the following ambient mercury levels for each monitoring point:
- (i) hourly levels;
- (ii) 24 hour average levels; and
- (iii) annual rolling average levels.
- 4. The mercury monitors at EPA Points 39, 43 and 44 must operate continuously, except for periods when the monitors must be taken offline for calibration, downloading or maintenance.
- 5. The data from each mercury monitor must be downloaded at least daily once the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project has commenced.
- 6. If any measured 24 hour average mercury level at EPA Point 39, 43 or 44 is greater than or equal to 1 microgram per cubic metre but less than 4 micrograms per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Immediately commence an investigation into possible causes of the elevated ambient mercury levels;
- (ii) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iii) Provide written advice to the EPA within 24 hours to the address listed in condition E2.14.
- 7. If any measured 24 hour average mercury level at EPA Point 39, 43 or 44 is greater than or equal to 4 micrograms per cubic metre but less than 7 micrograms per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Immediately commence an investigation into possible causes of the elevated ambient mercury levels;
- (ii) Implement any other related actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iii) Immediately report the event to the EPA by telephoning 131 555.
- 8. If any measured 24 hour average mercury level at EPA Point 39, 43 or 44 is greater than or equal to 7 micrograms per cubic metre, then the licensee must:
- (i) Immediately cease any activity on site that may be generating mercury emissions and take action to mitigate any likely mercury emission sources;
- (ii) Immediately commence an investigation into possible causes of the elevated ambient mercury levels;
- (iii) Implement any other actions specified in the Air Quality Management Plan; and
- (iv) Report the event immediately to the EPA by telephoning 131 555

E2.13 Requirement to report monitoring results

- 1. The licensee must prepare and submit to the EPA a report which includes, but is not limited to all monitoring results required by the licence conditions for the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project.
- 2. The report must be submitted on or before the 5th day of each month and cover the period of the previous calendar month

E2.14 Submission of written reports

Where a Special Condition in Condition E2 of this Licence requires submission of a written report, the report is to be submitted to:

Manager Sydney Industry

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Environment Protection Authority PO Box 668 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

and to the e-mail addresses that have been notified in writing by the EPA to the licensee as the contact e-mail addresses for the Former Chlor-Alkali Plant Remediation Project.

E3 GTP SPECIAL CONDITIONS

E3.1 AUDITS AND REVIEWS

The objective of this condition is:

To conduct a series of ongoing independent audits to validate the predictions contained in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted to the EPA on 15 November 2004 and compliance with this licence, and to the extent required by any other approval, compliance with those approval conditions relating to the project;

To conduct environmental reviews with the aim of optimising performance;

To conduct engineering audits to ensure the performance of the plant will not deteriorate in the longer term; and

To identify remedial measures that can be implemented in the event an audit shows a discrepancy between actual and predicted performance.

This condition comprises two parts:

Part A - Environmental Review and Independent Audit

Part B - Engineering Audit

PART A - ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND INDEPENDENT AUDIT REQUIREMENTS

General Requirement

The licensee must undertake comprehensive environmental reviews and independent audits of the works undertaken in accordance with the EIS.

Each Environmental Review and Independent Audit must include the components specified in Conditions E3.2 and E3.3.

E3.2 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The licensee must conduct an Environmental Review for submission with each Annual Return.

The Environmental Review must include the following programs:

Dioxin Monitoring Technical Review

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- Groundwater Treatment Plant Water Reuse Strategy
- Groundwater Monitoring Program
- 1) Dioxin Monitoring Technical Review

The licensee must conduct a program that includes, but is not limited to the following: A review of technical options and scientific developments relating to discrete and continuous dioxin monitoring technologies.

2) Groundwater Treatment Plant (GTP) Water Reuse Strategy

The licensee must conduct a program that includes, but is not limited to the following:

An investigation into opportunities to maximize the reuse of treated water from the groundwater treatment plant and reduce the amount of treated water discharged to waters provided the reuse or reduction can be achieved in a safe and practical manner and it will provide the best environmental outcome, in the circumstances.

3) Groundwater Monitoring Program

The licensee must conduct a Groundwater Monitoring Program which must include but not be limited to the following:

- (a) Monitoring of groundwater to assess whether the extraction of groundwater will result in any actual or potential impacts to surface waters or habitats in the locality;
- (b) Review the conclusions of the groundwater assessments and modelling that was undertaken as part of the EIS, including using all monitoring data collected under this license or other approvals for this project:
- (c) include a mechanism to regularly review the effectiveness of the monitoring program to ensure it is effective in detecting the presence of actual or potential impacts not already identified; and
- (d) Make recommendations about changes to existing monitoring and frequency of monitoring. The program must be prepared and implemented in consultation with OEH.

E3.3 INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The EPA has considered the need for further Independent Validation Audits in light of the environmental performance of the GTP and on that basis no further Audits under this condition are required.

E3.4 PART B - ENGINEERING AUDIT

General requirement

The licensee must make arrangements for, and bear the full cost of, an independent auditor to undertake engineering audits of the groundwater treatment plant and associated plant and equipment (including all control systems) to ensure it is maintained in a proper and efficient condition and operated in a proper and efficient manner with respect to its environmental and safety capability and performance.

Matters to be addressed in the audits must include but not be limited to;

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- (a) Review of the frequency of inspections and maintenance programs to ensure they are effective in detecting actual or potential changes in the environmental and safety performance;
- (b) Review of procedures for detecting changes to the equipment which could impact on performance, including corrosion and wear; and
- (c) Review of results of internal inspections of all equipment, using video techniques where appropriate.

The licensee must consult with the Independent Monitoring Committee in the selection of the auditor.

The engineering audits must generate a report for submission to the DECC, DEW, Sydney Water Corporation, City of Botany Council, Orica Groundwater Community Liaison Committee and be available for public inspection on request.

The report must be submitted with each Annual Return

- At the end of every 5th reporting period, for the first 15 years of operation of the groundwater treatment plant (ie September 2012, September 2017 and September 2022); and then
- Every 2nd reporting period in which the plant remains in operation (ie September 2024 and then every two years thereafter).

The EPA may require the licensee to undertake works to address the findings or recommendations presented in the Report as a requirement of this licence. Any such works shall be completed within such time as the EPA may agree.

E4 INDEPENDENT MONITORING COMMITTEE

E4.1 The licensee must service an Independent Monitoring Committee with technical and community representatives relating to the Groundwater Treatment Plant and its operation. The licensee must provide monitoring information and reports and consult with this Committee as required by the relevant conditions of this licence.

Note: The Independent Monitoring Committee will be serviced by the licensee in conjunction with the existing Orica Groundwater Community Liaison Committee which is also serviced by the licensee.

E5 Hexachlorobenzene (HCB) Waste Repackaging Plant Special Conditions

E5.1 Fugitive Emissions

The licensee must design, construct, operate and maintain ventilation systems for the buildings in which the operation of the HCB waste repackaging lines is to occur so that the pressure within the building lies below atmospheric pressure at all times.

E5.2 Concentration Limits

HCB concentration limit have been established. Note: The licensee provided information regarding breakthrough limits for Points 29 and 30 in correspondence dated 4 July 2008.

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E5.3 Shutdown Requirements

- a) If the break-through limit at monitoring/discharge points 29 or 30 is exceeded after completion of commissioning, the HCB repackaging facility must shutdown as soon as practical after the exceedance is reported (twice daily checks are undertaken during operation). The licensee must only restart the HCB repackaging facility after the carbon bed is replaced with a new or regenerated activated carbon bed. Replacement carbon is not required in the event that the exceedance is found to be a technical error and is unjustified.
- b) If any concentration limit described in condition L3.3 at monitoring/discharge point 26 is exceeded after completion of commissioning, the HCB repackaging facility must shutdown on receipt of the relevant monitoring data. The licensee can only restart the HCB repackaging facility after receiving written approval from the EPA.

E5.4 Repackaging Process Trials Plan

N/A - Trials complete - condition now redundant.

E5.5 Notification Requirements

If on receipt of a certificate of laboratory analysis, the laboratory analysis results demonstrate that the concentration of any discharge parameter has exceeded a limit specified in condition L3.3 for any of the monitoring / discharge Points 26, 29, 30, 33, 34, 40, 41 or 42 then the licensee must notify the EPA within 24 hours of receipt of the certificate.

E5.6 Waste Generation and Management

This Environment Protection Licence does not permit the removal of hexachlorobenzene waste from the premises unless and until the necessary separate approvals are obtained by the licensee for an ultimate destruction / disposal location for these wastes.

E5.7 Groundwater Injection and Recovery Trial

N/A - Trial complete - condition now redundant.

E5.8 Bioaugmentation Trial

N/A Trial complete - condition now redundant

E6 Finalisation of Car-Park Waste Encapsulation Project

E6.1 The licensee must submit a report prepared by a Site Auditor accredited under the *Contaminated Lands Management Act 1997*, for the Carpark Waste Encapsulation Project (former EPL 13263) Lot 11 in DP 1039919.

The licensee must submit the report to Manager, Sydney Industry, EPA, and PO Box 668 Parramatta 2124.

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E6.2 Within three months of the completion of the Site Audit's report the licensee must provide a summary report to the Community Participation and Review Committee (CPRC) demonstrating complete achievement of the remediation objectives for the Car Park Waste Encapsulation Project.

E7 Post Remediation CPWE Groundwater Monitoring Program

- E7.1 On a six monthly basis the licensee must carry out a groundwater monitoring program.
 - a) The ground water monitoring program must be completed using the following wells WG50S, WG93S/I/D, WG96S/I/D, WG200S/I/D, WG202S/I/D, WG202S/I/D, WG220S/I/D, WG243S and WG243I for the chemicals listed below.
 - b) Chemicals to be analysed in the groundwater monitoring program.

VOLATILE CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS

Pentachloroethane

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

1.2-Dichloroethane

1.1-Dichloroethane

Chloroethane

Tetrachloroethene

Trichloroethene

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

1.1-Dichloroethene

Vinyl chloride

SEMIVOLATILE CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS

- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,4- Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene

Pentachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

Hexachloroethane

Hexachloropropylene

c) The licensee must submit a CPWE groundwater monitoring program report with each Annual Return. The CPWE groundwater monitoring program report must include the results of the above monitoring and an interpretive summary on the monitoring.

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d) The groundwater monitoring program must continue biannually until May 2015. Note: Groundwater monitoring must continue in accordance with URS Australia Pty Ltd's *Car Park Waste Encapsulation Remediation – Groundwater Monitoring Plan* (GMP), dated 4 May 2010.

E8 Summary of Special Conditions - Completed and Ongoing

E8.1 Summary of Special Conditions - Completed and Ongoing

Special Condition	Description	Completed Date
	Timetable for Remediation of Car Park Waste and Impacted Materials	CPWE Redundant now reproduced in EPL 13263
	Progress reporting on remediation works to remove the source of HCBD and associated compounds.	Redundant now reproduced in EPL 13263
	Ongoing monitoring to confirm the integrity of the Car Park Waste Encapsulation.	Redundant now reproduced in EPL 13263
	Completion reporting	Redundant now reproduced in EPL 13263
	Independent Auditor to conduct annual Audits and Reviews	Ongoing
	Independent Monitoring Committee	Ongoing
	Financial Assurance for ongoing costs of the Groundwater Treatment Plant established 31 January 2007.	Ongoing
	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB) Waste Repackaging Plant.	Ongoing
	Repacking Process Trials Plan	Most recent plan completed 2007. No further plans required while repackaging plant activites are suspended.
	Groundwater Injection and Recovery	Completed March 2011 - condition now redundant
	Bioaugmentation Trial	Completed October 2010 - condition now redundant.

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Dictionary

General Dictionary

3DGM [in relation
to a concentration
limit1

Means the three day geometric mean, which is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount. Where one or more of the samples is zero or below the detection limit for the analysis, then 1 or the detection limit respectively should be used in place of those samples

Act Means the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

activityMeans a scheduled or non-scheduled activity within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment

Operations Act 1997

actual load Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

AM Together with a number, means an ambient air monitoring method of that number prescribed by the

Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

AMG Australian Map Grid

anniversary date The anniversary date is the anniversary each year of the date of issue of the licence. In the case of a

licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the

commencement of the Act.

annual return Is defined in R1.1

Approved Methods Publication

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

assessable pollutants

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

BOD Means biochemical oxygen demand

CEM Together with a number, means a continuous emission monitoring method of that number prescribed by

the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

COD Means chemical oxygen demand

composite sample Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the EPA, a sample consisting of 24 individual samples

collected at hourly intervals and each having an equivalent volume.

cond. Means conductivity

environment Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

environment protection legislation

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991

EPA Means Environment Protection Authority of New South Wales.

fee-based activity classification

Means the numbered short descriptions in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009.

general solid waste (non-putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

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flow weighted composite sample

Means a sample whose composites are sized in proportion to the flow at each composites time of collection

general solid waste (putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environmen t Operations Act

199

grab sample Means a single sample taken at a point at a single time

hazardous waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

licensee Means the licence holder described at the front of this licence

load calculation protocol

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

local authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

material harm Has the same meaning as in section 147 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

MBAS Means methylene blue active substances

Minister Means the Minister administering the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

mobile plant Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

motor vehicle Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

O&G Means oil and grease

percentile [in relation to a concentration limit of a sample] Means that percentage [eg.50%] of the number of samples taken that must meet the concentration limit specified in the licence for that pollutant over a specified period of time. In this licence, the specified period of time is the Reporting Period unless otherwise stated in this licence.

Includes all plant within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 as well as

motor vehicles.

pollution of waters [or water pollution]

plant

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

premises Means the premises described in condition A2.1

public authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

regional office Means the relevant EPA office referred to in the Contacting the EPA document accompanying this licence

For the purposes of this licence, the reporting period means the period of 12 months after the issue of the licence, and each subsequent period of 12 months. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary

of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.

restricted solid waste

reporting period

te 199

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

scheduled activity Means an activity listed in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

special waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

TM Together with a number, means a test method of that number prescribed by the Approved Methods for the

Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

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Means total suspended particles TSP

Means total suspended solids TSS

Means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or Type 1 substance

more of those elements

Type 2 substance Means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any

compound containing one or more of those elements

Means any area shown as a utilisation area on a map submitted with the application for this licence utilisation area

waste Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

waste type Means liquid, restricted solid waste, general solid waste (putrescible), general solid waste (non-

putrescible), special waste or hazardous waste

Mr Mark Gifford

Environment Protection Authority

(By Delegation)

Date of this edition: 29-June-2000

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End Notes

- 1 Licence varied by notice 1000723, issued on 01-Aug-2000, which came into effect on 22-Aug-2000.
- 2 Licence varied by 010937 (ALaN) s.58 notice, issued on 01-Sep-2000, which came into effect on 26-Sep-2000.
- 3 Licence varied by notice 1008660, issued on 27-Jul-2001, which came into effect on 21-Aug-2001.
- 4 Licence varied by notice 1014464, issued on 15-Jan-2003, which came into effect on 09-Feb-2003.
- 5 Licence varied by notice 1025431, issued on 24-Dec-2003, which came into effect on 18-Jan-2004.
- 6 Licence varied by notice 1035261, issued on 30-Apr-2004, which came into effect on 30-Apr-2004.
- 7 Licence varied by notice 1040183, issued on 07-Sep-2004, which came into effect on 07-Sep-2004.
- 8 Licence varied by notice 1041498, issued on 26-Oct-2004, which came into effect on 27-Oct-2004.
- 9 Licence varied by notice 1041954, issued on 03-Nov-2004, which came into effect on 03-Nov-2004.
- 10 Licence varied by notice 1043560, issued on 14-Feb-2005, which came into effect on 22-Feb-2005.
- 11 Licence varied by notice 1048337, issued on 23-Aug-2005, which came into effect on 17-Sep-2005.
- 12 Licence varied by notice 1052073, issued on 14-Nov-2005, which came into effect on 25-Nov-2005.
- 13 Licence varied by notice 1060389, issued on 12-May-2006, which came into effect on 12-May-2006.
- Licence varied by notice 1060540, issued on 22-May-2006, which came into effect on 22-May-2006.
- Licence varied by notice 1061917, issued on 10-Jul-2006, which came into effect on 10-Jul-2006.
- 16 Licence varied by updating references to the Clean Air Reg, issued on 25-Jul-2006, which came into effect on 25-Jul-2006.
- 17 Licence varied by notice 1063885, issued on 11-Aug-2006, which came into effect on 11-Aug-2006.
- 18 Licence varied by notice 1067354, issued on 30-Nov-2006, which came into effect on 30-Nov-2006.

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19	Licence varied by notice 1068717, issued on 24-Jan-2007, which came into effect on 24-Jan-2007.	
20	Licence varied by notice 1069198, issued on 30-Jan-2007, which came into effect on 30-Jan-2007.	
21	Licence varied by notice 1072335, issued on 13-Jun-2007, which came into effect on 13-Jun-2007.	
22	Licence varied by notice 1074666, issued on 02-Jul-2007, which came into effect on 02-Jul-2007.	
23	Licence varied by notice 1075713, issued on 10-Jul-2007, which came into effect on 10-Jul-2007.	
24	Licence varied by repair to Annual Return Archive, issued on 17-Jul-2007, which came into effect on 17-Jul-2007.	
25	Licence varied by notice 1076456, issued on 01-Aug-2007, which came into effect on 01-Aug-2007.	
26	Licence varied by notice 1077124, issued on 17-Aug-2007, which came into effect on 17-Aug-2007.	
27	Licence varied by notice 1079428, issued on 15-Nov-2007, which came into effect on 15-Nov-2007.	
28	Licence varied by notice 1080326, issued on 28-Nov-2007, which came into effect on 28-Nov-2007.	
29	Licence varied by notice 1082555, issued on 05-Feb-2008, which came into effect on 05-Feb-2008.	
30	Licence varied by notice 1084923, issued on 29-Apr-2008, which came into effect on 29-Apr-2008.	
31	Licence varied by notice 1085288, issued on 19-Jun-2008, which came into effect on 19-Jun-2008.	
32	Licence varied by notice 1089856, issued on 01-Jul-2008, which came into effect on 01-Jul-2008.	
33	Licence varied by notice 1090610, issued on 20-Aug-2008, which came into effect on 20-Aug-2008.	
34	Licence varied by notice 1091819, issued on 12-Sep-2008, which came into effect on 12-Sep-2008.	
35	Condition A1.3 Not applicable varied by notice issued on <issue date=""> which came into effect on <effective date=""></effective></issue>	
36	Licence varied by notice 1093630, issued on 12-Dec-2008, which came into effect on 12-Dec-2008.	
37	Licence varied by notice 1095981, issued on 06-Jan-2009, which came into effect on	

06-Jan-2009.

Licence varied by notice 1515198 issued on 07-Aug-2013

Licence - 2148



38	Licence varied by notice 1098432, issued on 22-Apr-2009, which came into effect on 22-Apr-2009.
39	Licence varied by notice 1100329, issued on 10-Jun-2009, which came into effect on 10-Jun-2009.
40	Licence varied by notice 1103282, issued on 10-Jul-2009, which came into effect on 10-Jul-2009.
41	Licence varied by notice 1106600, issued on 10-Dec-2009, which came into effect on 10-Dec-2009.
42	Licence varied by notice 1110616, issued on 29-Jan-2010, which came into effect on 29-Jan-2010.
43	Licence varied by correction to scheduled activity name, issued on 22-Dec-2010, which came into effect on 22-Dec-2010.
44	Licence varied by notice 1123216, issued on 30-Mar-2011, which came into effect on 30-Mar-2011.
45	Licence varied by notice 1127420, issued on 10-May-2011, which came into effect on 10-May-2011.
46	Licence varied by notice 1500849 issued on 21-Dec-2011
47	Licence varied by notice 1504087 issued on 18-Jun-2012
48	Licence varied by notice 1513857 issued on 12-Jun-2013